

-continued

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What is claimed is:

1. A nucleic acid separation method, comprising:
 - exposing a sample comprising cells containing nucleic acid to an aqueous mixture comprising a lytic reagent and one or more beads capable of binding the nucleic acid released from said cells to form a nucleic acid-bead complex; and
 - passing the nucleic acid-bead complex through a substantially immiscible liquid layer to separate the nucleic acid from the aqueous mixture.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is a buccal sample.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is blood.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more beads are magnetic, and the nucleic acid-bead complex is passed through the substantially immiscible liquid layer with an applied magnetic field.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein the substantially immiscible liquid layer comprises organic liquid.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the substantially immiscible liquid layer comprises wax.
7. The method of claim 1, wherein the substantially immiscible liquid layer is heated to facilitate passage of the nucleic acid-bead complex.
8. A method of transferring nucleic acid, comprising:
 - contacting nucleic acid at a first location with one or more beads to form a nucleic acid-bead complex in a liquid; and
 - transporting the nucleic acid-bead complex to a second location separated from the first location by an intermediary layer, wherein said intermediary layer is substantially immiscible with the liquid.
9. The method of claim 8, wherein the nucleic acid and one or more inhibitors of nucleic acid amplification processes are substantially insoluble in the intermediary layer.
10. A nucleic acid separation method, comprising:
 - introducing a sample comprising biological cells through a first layer to a second layer comprising magnetic beads, wherein said first layer is substantially contiguous with said second layer;