

[0021] One of the plurality of unit force patterns is like a horizontal straight line that force does not change from a predetermined value to provide a fixed force feel sensation.

[0022] Simply by selecting a horizontal linear unit force pattern that force does not change from a predetermined value with this constitution, a fixed force feel sensation can be easily obtained.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0023] FIG. 1 is a partial sectional view of an embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention;

[0024] FIG. 2 is a block diagram of the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention;

[0025] FIGS. 3A to 3F are graphs of composite force patterns used in the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention;

[0026] FIGS. 4A to 4D are graphs of unit force patterns used in the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention;

[0027] FIGS. 5A to 5F are diagrams showing the line-ups of unit force patterns in the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention;

[0028] FIG. 6 is a block diagram of a force feedback device of the prior art; and

[0029] FIGS. 7A to 7C are graphs of generated forces of force patterns of the force feedback device of the prior art.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0030] A preferred embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention will be described with reference to FIGS. 1 to 5. FIG. 1 is a partial sectional view of an embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention, FIG. 2 is a block diagram of the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention, FIGS. 3A to 3F are graphs of composite force patterns used in the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention, FIGS. 4A to 4D are graphs of unit force patterns used in the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention, and FIGS. 5A to 5F are diagrams showing the line-ups of unit force patterns in the embodiment of the force feedback device of the present invention.

[0031] A base 1 is made from an insulating resin and annular with a hole 1a in the center.

[0032] A printed circuit board 2 is placed on the under surface of the base 1 to mount electric parts (not shown) constituting a control unit 12 required for the force feedback device.

[0033] An actuator 3 is an electromagnetic coil prepared by winding a coil round an iron core in a ring form, has a round hole 3a in the center and is mounted on the base 1.

[0034] A driver 4 is made from an insulating resin and made up of a shaft portion 4a, a disk portion 4b and a ring portion 4c. The ring portion 4c projects upward from the periphery of the disk portion 4b, and the shaft portion 4a is formed perpendicularly to the disk portion 4b at the center

of the disk portion 4b. The shaft portion 4a is rotatably fitted in the round hole 3a of the actuator 3.

[0035] An armature 5 has an iron plate and is shaped like a disk having a round hole 5a in the center. One side of the armature 5 is mounted on the under surface of the disk portion 4b of the driver 4 through an armature return spring 6. The other side of the armature 5 is opposed to the top surface of the actuator 3 through a space.

[0036] An engagement member 7 is made from an insulating resin, made up of a ring side wall 7a and a bottom plate 7b and is shaped like a vessel having an opening as the ring side wall 7a projects from the periphery of the disk-like bottom plate 7b. The side wall 7a of the engagement member 7 mates with the ring portion 4c of the driver 4 such that it surrounds the ring portion 4c, whereby the engagement member 7 and the driver 4 are connected to each other.

[0037] An operation shaft 8 is made from metal and fixed in the center of the bottom plate 7b of the engagement member 7 vertically. The operation shaft 8 has a large-diameter portion 8a.

[0038] A position sensor 9 is a rotary encoder for detecting rotation angle positions, has a cylindrical form and includes a rotor and a stator (not shown). The rotor is fixed to the operation shaft 8 and the stator is provided with a projection 9a.

[0039] A knob 10 as an operation unit is made from an insulating resin and has a cylindrical form and a shaft hole (not shown) in the center. The upper end of the operation shaft 8 is fitted in the shaft hole of the knob 10.

[0040] A panel board 11 is made of a metal plate and has a coated surface and a hole 11a. The operation shaft 8 is inserted into the hole 11a of the panel board 11, and the large-diameter portion 8a of the operation shaft 8 is in contact with the top surface of the panel board 11. The projection 9a of the stator of the position sensor 9 is fitted in the unshown hole of the panel board 11 to fix the stator of the position sensor 9 to the panel board 11. The position sensor 9 is sandwiched between the panel board 11 and the engagement member 7 in the axial direction of the operation shaft 8.

[0041] A description is subsequently given of the operation of the force feedback device of the embodiment of the present invention.

[0042] When the operation shaft 8 is turned by rotating the knob 10, the driver 4 is turned by the engagement member 7. At this point, the operation shaft 8 turns the rotor of the position sensor 9 and supplies a signal indicative of the rotation angle of the rotor to the control unit 12 mounted on the printed circuit board 2. The control unit 12 picks out different unit force patterns from the unit force patterns (unit 1, unit 2, unit 3, . . .) stored in a first memory (ROM) 12a, selects the specified line-up pattern from the line-up patterns (pattern 1, pattern 2, pattern 3, . . .) of the unit force patterns from a second memory (ROM) 12b, lines up the unit force patterns on the selected line-up pattern to form a composite force pattern and supplies it to the controller 12c of the control unit 12.

[0043] The controller 12c gives an instruction to send a current corresponding to the composite force pattern to the actuator 3. The actuator 3 which receives the current sucks