

[0017] FIGS. 5A-5D illustrate character sequence trees for selecting candidate sequences in accordance with some embodiments.

[0018] FIGS. 6A-6C illustrate a graphical user interface for entering text on a portable electronic device in accordance with some embodiments.

[0019] FIGS. 7A-7C illustrate a list of children nodes in a character sequence tree that satisfies usage frequency criteria in accordance with some embodiments.

#### DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0020] Reference will now be made in detail to embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. In the following detailed description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known methods, procedures, components, and circuits have not been described in detail so as not to unnecessarily obscure aspects of the invention.

[0021] Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes for using a portable electronic device are described. In some embodiments, the device is a portable communications device. The user interface may include a click wheel and/or touch screen. A click wheel is a user-interface device that may provide navigation commands based on an angular displacement of the wheel or a point of contact with the wheel by a user of the device. In some embodiments, the click wheel is a physical device that is separate from a display (e.g., FIG. 2A). In other embodiments, the click wheel is a virtual device that is displayed on a touch screen or other display (e.g., FIG. 2B). A click wheel may also be used to provide a user command corresponding to selection of one or more items, for example, when the user of the device presses down on at least a portion of the wheel or the center of the wheel. For simplicity, in the discussion that follows, a portable communications device (e.g., a cellular telephone that may also contain other functions, such as text messaging, PDA and music player functions) that includes a click wheel is used as an exemplary embodiment. It should be understood, however, that the user interfaces and associated processes may be applied to other devices, such as personal digital assistants (PDA's), personal computers and laptops, which may include one or more other user-interface devices, such as a keyboard, a mouse and/or a joystick.

[0022] The device may support a variety of applications, such as one or more telephone applications, a text message application, and a music player. The music player may be compatible with one or more file formats, such as MP3 and/or AAC. In an exemplary embodiment, the device includes an iPod music player (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.).

[0023] The various applications that may be executed on the device may use at least one common physical user-interface device, such as a physical click wheel or a touch screen with a virtual click wheel. One or more functions of the click wheel as well as corresponding information displayed on the device may be adjusted and/or varied from one application to the next and/or within a respective application. In this way, a common physical architecture (such as the click wheel or the touch screen) of the device may support the variety of applications with user interfaces that are intuitive and transparent to a user.

[0024] Attention is now directed towards embodiments of the device. FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating a portable electronic device 100 in accordance with some embodiments. The device 100 may include a memory 102 (which may include one or more computer readable storage mediums), a memory controller 122, one or more processing units (CPU's) 120, a peripherals interface 118, RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, a speaker 111, a microphone 113, an input/output (I/O) subsystem 106, a display system 112 (which may include a touch screen), a click wheel 114, other input or control devices 116, and an external port 124. The device 100 may optionally include one or more optical sensors 164. These components may communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines 103. The device 100 may be any portable electronic device, including but not limited to a handheld computer, a tablet computer, a mobile telephone, a media player, a personal digital assistant (PDA), or the like, including a combination of two or more of these items.

[0025] It should be appreciated that the device 100 is only one example of a portable communications device 100, and that the device 100 may have more or fewer components than shown, may combine two or more components, or may have a different configuration or arrangement of the components. The various components shown in FIG. 1 may be implemented in hardware, software or a combination of both hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application specific integrated circuits.

[0026] Memory 102 may include high speed random access memory and may also include non-volatile memory, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid state memory devices. In some embodiments, memory 102 may further include storage remotely located from the one or more processors 120, for instance network attached storage accessed via the RF circuitry 108 or the external port 124 and a communications network (not shown) such as the Internet, intranet(s), Local Area Networks (LANs), Wide Local Area Networks (WLANs), Storage Area Networks (SANs) and the like, or any suitable combination thereof. Access to memory 102 by other components of the device 100, such as the CPU 120 and the peripherals interface 118, may be controlled by the memory controller 122.

[0027] The peripherals interface 118 couples the input and output peripherals of the device to the CPU 120 and memory 102. The one or more processors 120 run or execute various software programs and/or sets of instructions stored in memory 102 to perform various functions for the device 100 and to process data.

[0028] In some embodiments, the peripherals interface 118, the CPU 120, and the memory controller 122 may be implemented on a single chip, such as a chip 104. In some other embodiments, they may be implemented on separate chips.

[0029] The RF (radio frequency) circuitry 108 receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry 108 converts electrical signals to/from electromagnetic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry 108 may include well-known circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. The RF circuitry 108 may