

[0138] The invention is not limited to the embodiments described but may be varied in construction and detail in a manner that will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

1-41. (canceled)

42. A microfluidic structure comprising:

a fluidic channel, configured to guide a flow of a fluid comprising a target analyte along a length of the fluidic channel in a first direction, the fluidic channel having a width in a second direction perpendicular to the first direction and a depth in a third direction perpendicular to the first direction and the second direction, the fluidic channel comprising a non-porous material;

a reagent pad of porous material located within the fluidic channel and having a size in the second direction substantially similar to the width of the fluidic channel; and  
a sensor pad of porous material located within the fluidic channel and downstream from the reagent pad and having a size in the second direction substantially similar to the width of the fluidic channel, the reagent pad and the sensor pad being separated by a free space diffusion zone having a length in the first direction between 0.5 and 5 mm,

wherein the sensor pad comprises immobilized target analyte-specific receptors that can bind the target analyte and/or a labelled product of a displacement, competition or sandwich affinity assay.

43. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors of the sensor pad can bind the target analyte and/or a labelled product of a displacement assay.

44. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors of the sensor pad can bind the target analyte and/or a labelled product of a competition assay.

45. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors of the sensor pad can bind the target analyte and/or a labelled product of a sandwich affinity assay.

46. The microfluidic structure of claim 44, wherein the reagent pad comprises releasable target analyte-linker-label conjugates and the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors of the sensor pad can bind the target analyte and/or the target analyte-linker-label conjugates.

47. The microfluidic structure of claim 42 further comprising a top layer that covers the fluidic channel.

48. The microfluidic structure of claim 47, wherein a portion of the top layer above the sensor pad comprises an optically clear inspection window allowing inspection of the sensor pad.

49. The microfluidic structure of claim 47, wherein there is a gap between the reagent pad or the sensor pad and the top layer.

50. The microfluidic structure of claim 49, wherein the gap is in the range of 0.05 to 0.5 mm.

51. The microfluidic structure of claim 47, wherein there is no gap between the reagent pad or the sensor pad and the top layer.

52. The microfluidic structure of claim 42 further comprising an absorption pad of fluid absorbing material located within the fluidic channel and downstream from the sensor pad.

53. The microfluidic structure of claim 52, wherein the sensor pad and the absorption pad are separated by a second diffusion zone.

54. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the pads are held in place via recesses which form part of the fluidic channel.

55. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the pads are held in place via a single or multiple discontinuous areas of adhesive coatings which form part of the fluidic channel.

56. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the pads are integrated into the fluidic channel as part of a supporting assembly of non-porous material.

57. (canceled)

58. The microfluidic structure of claim 56, wherein the pads are held in place via a single or multiple discontinuous areas of adhesive coatings which form part of the supporting assembly.

59. The microfluidic structure of claim 56, wherein the supporting assembly is held in place via a recess which forms part of the fluidic channel.

60. The microfluidic structure of claim 56, wherein the supporting assembly is held in place via a single or multiple discontinuous areas of adhesive coatings which form part of the fluidic channel.

61. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the fluidic channel has an opening at the downstream end of the channel to act as a vent to assist fluid flow in the first direction.

62. The microfluidic structure of claim 61, wherein the size of the opening of the vent is between about 0.1 and 5 mm.

63. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the length of the fluidic channel is between about 25 and 50 mm, the width of the fluidic channel is between about 1.3 and 5 mm and the depth of the fluidic channel is between about 0.25 and 1 mm.

64. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the cross-sectional area of the fluidic channel is between about 0.3 and 5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

65. The microfluidic structure of claim 64, wherein the pads have widths of between about 1.3 and 5 mm and lengths of between about 2 and 25 mm.

66. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the labelled product of a displacement, competition or sandwich affinity assay includes a fluorescent label.

67. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors are antibodies that bind the target analyte and/or the labelled product of a displacement, competition or sandwich affinity assay.

68. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors are antigens that are bound by the target analyte and/or the labelled product of a displacement, competition or sandwich affinity assay.

69. The microfluidic structure of claim 42, wherein the immobilized target analyte-specific receptors are molecularly imprinted polymers that bind the target analyte and/or the labelled product of a displacement, competition or sandwich affinity assay.

70. A fluidic chip comprising a plurality of separate microfluidic structures as defined in claim 42.

71. The fluidic chip of claim 70, further comprising a single top layer that covers the fluidic channels of the plurality of microfluidic structures.

72. (canceled)

73. The fluidic chip of claim 70, wherein the plurality of separate microfluidic structures are spaced by between about 0.5 and 5 mm.