

[0043] In the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the invention, the shaft is movable in an axial direction thereof, and a push-button switch that is manipulated when the shaft is moved in the axial direction and a printed wiring board that is mounted with the push-button switch are further provided.

[0044] With this configuration, the push-button switch can be manipulated stably and attached easily while the cost of the haptic-sense-generation input device is reduced.

[0045] The haptic-sense-generation input device according to the invention further comprises an illumination lamp mounted on a printed wiring board, for illuminating the manipulation knob.

[0046] With this configuration, the manipulation knob can be illuminated by the illumination lamp and the illumination lamp can be attached easily while the cost of the haptic-sense-generation input device is reduced.

[0047] In the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the invention, the printed wiring board is a single printed wiring board that is mounted with the push-button switch, the illumination lamp, and the rotation detecting means.

[0048] With this configuration, since the above components are mounted on the single printed wiring board, they can be attached easily while the cost of the haptic-sense-generation input device is reduced.

[0049] In the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the invention, the rotation detecting means is a light transmission type encoder.

[0050] With this configuration, the transmission type encoder having a simple structure can be attached easily while the cost of the haptic-sense-generation input device is reduced.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0051] FIG. 1 shows a haptic-sense-generation input device according to an embodiment of the invention in which the main part is shown in cross section;

[0052] FIG. 2 is a sectional view taken along line 2-2 in FIG. 1;

[0053] FIG. 3 illustrates a function of the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the embodiment and specifically shows a haptic sense that is generated during a radio tuning operation;

[0054] FIG. 4 illustrates another function of the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the embodiment and specifically shows a haptic sense that is generated during a radio sound volume control operation;

[0055] FIG. 5 illustrates still another function of the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the embodiment and specifically shows a haptic sense that is generated during a CD song selection operation;

[0056] FIG. 6 illustrates a further function of the haptic-sense-generation input device according to the embodiment and specifically shows a haptic sense that is generated during an air-conditioner temperature setting operation;

[0057] FIG. 7 is a chart showing the radio tuning operation in detail;

[0058] FIG. 8 shows a conventional haptic-sense-generation input device in which the main part is shown in cross section; and

[0059] FIG. 9 is a sectional view taken along line 9-9 in FIG. 8.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

[0060] A haptic-sense-generation input device according to the present invention will be hereinafter described with reference to FIGS. 1 and 2. FIG. 1 shows a haptic-sense-generation input device according to an embodiment of the invention in which the main part is shown in cross section. FIG. 2 is a sectional view taken along line 2-2 in FIG. 1.

[0061] A generally cylindrical body 1 is made of a synthetic resin and is formed by molding. The body 1 is composed of a disc-shaped top wall 1a, a cylindrical side wall 1d that extends from the outer periphery of the top wall 1a in the vertical direction, a first bearing 1b that is provided at the center of the top wall 1a so as to project outward, a second bearing 1c that projects inward from the top surface 1a, a through-hole 1e that is formed through the top wall 1a, a fixing hole 1f that is formed through the top wall 1a, a support portion 1g that projects inward from a prescribed position of the side wall 1d, and a lid 1h that closes the opening of the side wall 1d. The body 1 has a relatively small volume.

[0062] A generally cylindrical manipulation knob 2 is made of a synthetic resin and is formed by molding. The manipulation knob 2 is composed of a disc-shaped top wall 2a, a cylindrical side wall 2b that extends from the outer periphery of the top wall 2a in the vertical direction, and a holding portion 2c that projects inward from the center of the top wall 2a.

[0063] The bottom portion of the inner surface of the side wall 2b of the manipulation knob 2 is provided with a first gear 2f that is an internal gear having a large diameter. The first gear 2f has a relatively large number of teeth.

[0064] A cylindrical rotary shaft 3 is made of a metal and is formed by cutting. The rotary shaft 3 is composed of a base portion 3a, a fixing portion 3b that is provided on one side of the base portion 3a, a groove portion 3c that is provided on the other side of the base portion 3a.

[0065] The rotary shaft 3 is integrated with the manipulation knob 2 by insert molding (the fixing portion 3b is inserted in the holding portion 2c). The base portion 3a of the rotary shaft 3 is inserted in and held by the first bearing 1b of the body 1 in a rotatable manner, and the groove portion 3c of the rotary shaft 3 projects from the first bearing 1b. The rotary shaft 3 serves as a shaft portion. The rotary shaft 3 may be fixed to the manipulation knob 2 by a fixing means such as a screw.

[0066] The groove portion 3c of the rotary shaft 3 is fitted in a fixing member 8 which is what is called a C-shaped washer, whereby the rotary shaft 3 is prevented from falling off the first bearing 1b.

[0067] The rotary shaft 3 is inserted in a resilient member 9 which is a coiled spring, and the resilient member 9 is