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- What is claimed is:
1. A method of utilizing a health outcome prediction model, the method comprising:
 - storing in computer readable memory associated with a health outcome prediction and management system at least one statistical health model,
 - wherein the at least one statistical health model is a medical prognostic risk stratification model and/or a medical prognostic outcomes prediction model in the form of at least one of a:
 - linear model,
 - a generalized linear model,
 - a cumulative multinomial model,
 - a generalized multinomial model,
 - a proportional hazard model;
 - providing via the health outcome prediction and management system one or more user interfaces including a plurality of fields that enable one or more users to specify for the at least one statistical health model:
 - an outcome predicted by the at least one statistical health model;
 - one or more outcome predictors;
 - a mathematical relationship between:
 - the outcome predicted by the at least one statistical health model, and
 - the one or more outcome predictors;
 - automatically generating data-input interfaces for collecting patient-specific predictors utilized when executing the at least one statistical health model based at least in part on the one or more outcome predictors;
 - processing, via a computing device, the one or more outcome predictors and information regarding a patient received via the automatically generated data-input interfaces, using the at least one statistical health model; and
 - providing, via the computing device, an output from the at least one statistical health model.
 2. The method of claim 1, the method further comprising providing via the health outcome prediction and management system a user interface including a plurality of fields configured to:
 - receive one or more predictor coefficients; and
 - receive one or more predictor coefficient covariances for calculating confidence intervals.
 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one statistical health model is configured to determine a statistical outcome of a medical procedure, medical treatment or intervention, and/or medical condition with respect to the patient.
 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one statistical health model is non-linear.
 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one statistical health model includes one or more outcome predictor transforms, wherein a first of the one or more outcome predictor transforms is an identity, inverse, square root, power, polynomial, exponential, logarithm, or mapping transformation.
 6. The method of claim 1, the method further comprising converting at least one of the one or more statistical health model predictors into a predictor vector.