portion (not shown) is also used to connect the top **2620** to the battery recharger **7100**. Docking may establish a direct power connection, or power may be transferred by way of inductive coupling. Also, in some embodiments of the system, the patient employs multiple non-disposable portions **2620** in rotation; i.e., recharging one non-disposable portion **2620**, while using a second non-disposable portion (not shown).

[0498] The various embodiments described herein include different types and configurations of elements such as, for example, pump architectures, pump actuators, volume sensors, flow restrictors, reservoirs (and reservoir interfaces), sharps inserters, housings, latching mechanisms, user interfaces, on-board peripherals (e.g., controllers, processors, power sources, network interfaces, sensors), and other peripherals (e.g., hand-held remote controller, base station, repeater, filling station). It should be noted that alternative embodiments may incorporate various combinations of such elements. Thus, for example, a pump architecture described with reference to one embodiment (e.g., the pump shown and described with reference to FIGS. **15**A-**15**D) may be used with any of the various configurations of pump actuators (e.g., single shape-memory actuator with single mode of operation, single shape-memory actuator with multiple modes of operation, multiple shape-memory actuators of the same size or different sizes), and may be used in devices with various combinations of other elements (or absence of other elements) and/or any of the various flow restrictors.

[0499] Furthermore, while various embodiments are described herein with reference to a non-pressurized reservoir, it should be noted that a pressurized reservoir may be used in certain embodiments or under certain conditions (e.g., during priming and/or air purging). Among other things, a pressurized reservoir might facilitate filling of the pump chamber, for example, following retraction of the pump actuation member **54** shown and described with reference to FIGS. **15**A-**15**D.

[0500] Additionally, while various embodiments are described herein with reference to a pump motor disposed in a reusable portion of a housing, it should be noted that a pump and/or a pump motor may alternatively be situated in the disposable portion, for example, along with various components that come into contact with the fluid. As with some of the other motors described herein, a motor disposed in the disposable portion may include one or more shape-memory actuators.

[0501] It should be noted that section headings are included for convenience and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

[0502] In various embodiments, the herein disclosed methods including those for controlling and measuring flow of a fluid and for establishing communication amongst linked components may be implemented as a computer program product for use with a suitable controller or other computer system (referred to generally herein as a "computer system"). Such implementations may include a series of computer instructions fixed either on a tangible medium, such as a computer readable medium (e.g., a diskette, CD-ROM, ROM, EPROM, EEPROM, or fixed disk) or transmittable to a computer system, via a modem or other interface device, such as a communications adapter connected to a network over a medium. The medium may be either a tangible medium (e.g., optical or analog communications lines) or a medium implemented with wireless techniques (e.g., microwave, infrared or other transmission techniques). The series of computer instructions may embody desired functionalities previously described herein with respect to the system. Those skilled in the art should appreciate that such computer instructions can be written in a number of programming languages for use with many computer architectures or operating systems.

[0503] Furthermore, such instructions may be stored in any memory device, such as semiconductor, magnetic, optical or other memory devices, and may be transmitted using any communications technology, such as optical, infrared, acoustic, radio, microwave, or other transmission technologies. It is expected that such a computer program product may be distributed as a removable medium with accompanying printed or electronic documentation (e.g., shrink wrapped software), preloaded with a computer system (e.g., on system ROM, EPROM, EEPROM, or fixed disk), or distributed from a server or electronic bulletin board over the network (e.g., the Internet or World Wide Web). Of course, some embodiments of the invention may be implemented as a combination of both software (e.g., a computer program product) and hardware. Still other embodiments of the invention are implemented as entirely hardware, or substantially in software (e.g., a computer program product).

[0504] It should be noted that dimensions, sizes, and quantities listed herein are exemplary, and the present invention is in no way limited thereto. In an exemplary embodiment of the invention, a patch-sized fluid delivery device may be approximately 6.35 cm (~2.5 in) in length, approximately 3.8 cm (~1.5 in) in width, and approximately 1.9 cm (~0.75 in) in height, although, again, these dimensions are merely exemplary, and dimensions can vary widely for different embodiments.

[0505] While the principles of the invention have been described herein, it is to be understood by those skilled in the art that this description is made only by way of example and not as a limitation as to the scope of the invention. Other embodiments are contemplated within the scope of the present invention in addition to the exemplary embodiments shown and described herein. Modifications and substitutions by one of ordinary skill in the art are considered to be within the scope of the present invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A method of making a delivery device for delivering a fluidic medium to or from a patient, the method comprising:

providing a first housing portion;

providing a second housing portion configured to selectively engage with and disengage from the first housing portion;

providing a reservoir in the first housing portion, the reservoir having a first interior volume for containing a fluid, the reservoir having an outlet connectable in fluid flow communication with the first interior volume and an injection site, the first interior volume of the reservoir being selectively variable;

supporting a volume varying mechanism adjacent a boarder of the first interior volume for motion in a curved path to selectively vary the first interior volume of the reservoir, to selectively reduce the first interior volume and increase fluid pressure within the interior volume to drive fluid from the interior volume to the injection site; and

supporting a drive device on the second housing portion in a position to operatively connect to the volume